



Ultimate Technical Guide: SSO for your APEX apps

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Facts & Figures

Independent Technology House
with Cross-Industry Expertise

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Ratingen
(North Rhine - Westphalia)

280
employed



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28 Mio. Euro
Revenue

Founded
1994

Oracle
Platinum
Partner

Top Company
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Students



Branches in
Frankfurt and Cologne

About me

- **Niels de Bruijn, Business Unit Manager Low-Code / APEX**

- Born in 1977, married, three daughters, living in Ratingen
- Working for MT AG since DEC-2003
- Responsible for the APEX practise
- Presenting at various conferences



ORACLE
ACE Director

- Involvement in Oracle User Groups

- DOAG e.V. - Board Member & Conference Chair of APEX Connect (apex.doag.org)
- ODTUG - Part of APEX Content Committee for Kscope

Agenda

- Why Single Sign-On?
- How does the magic work?
- Caveats
- I want more
- Questions I get
- More information

Why Single Sign-On?

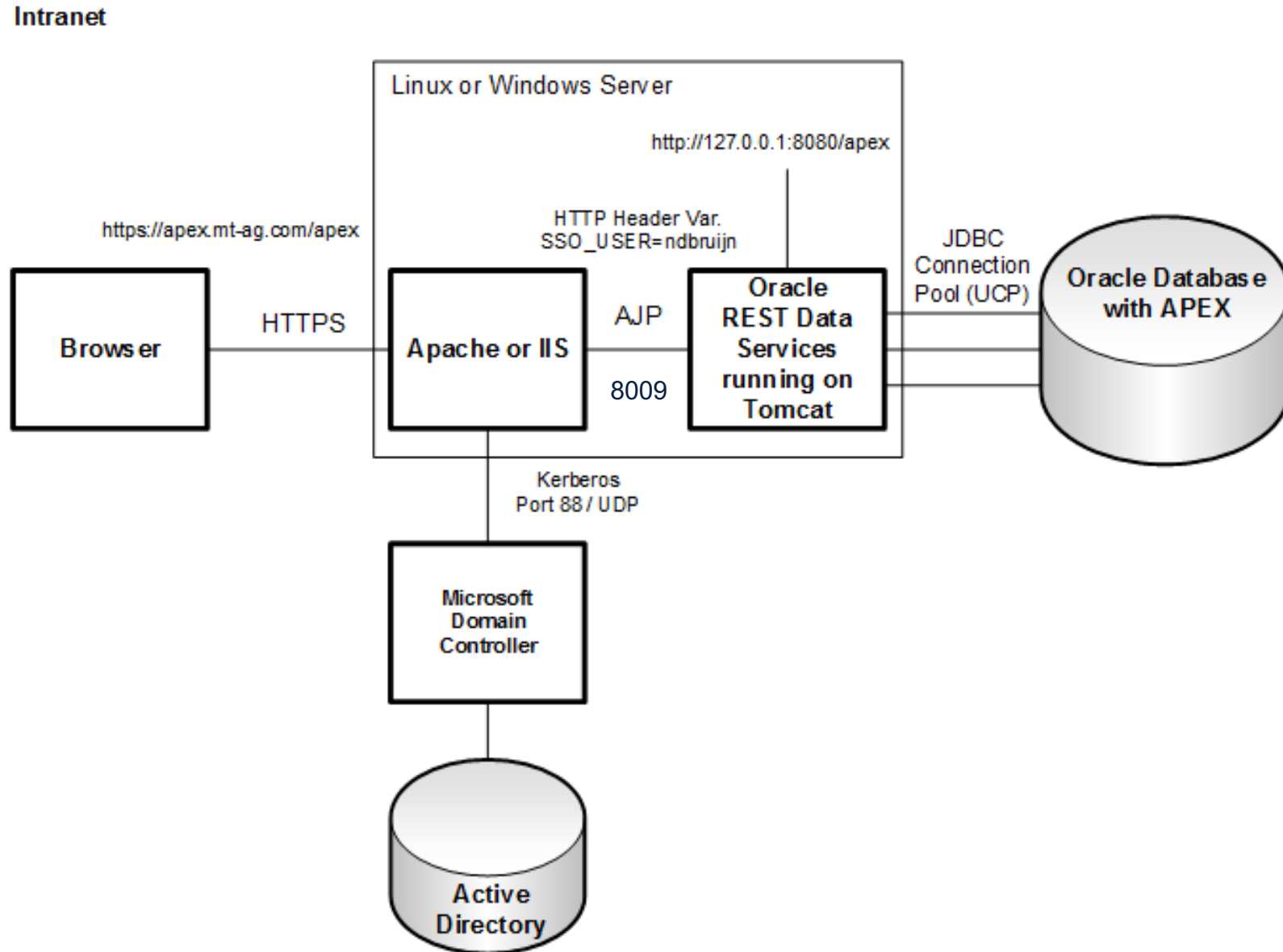
For the sake of security

- Credentials are not passed to the database
- Kerberos is secure (as used by Windows itself)
- Central user store in Active Directory
- No corporate password policy needed within APEX

For the sake of productivity

- End users love it
- Developers can now switch between workspaces without logging in again

How does the magic work?



How does the magic work?

Start here: <http://knowledgebase.mt-ag.com/q/kerberos> (Viewed over 11.000 times!)

Overview

- Install RDBMS & APEX
- Install JDK, Tomcat & Apache/IIS
- Configure ORDS & deploy
- Configure Apache or IIS for SSO incl. SSL certificate

General installation steps of Apache & ORDS can be found here:

<http://www.opal-consulting.de/downloads/presentations/2015-11-DOAG-ORDS-Setup>

Caveats

- Local user in table != Active Directory user?
 - Use “post-authentication procedure” in authentication scheme:

```
APEX_UTIL.SET_USERNAME  
( p_userid      => APEX_UTIL.GET_USER_ID('ADMIN')  
  , p_username  => 'NDBRUIJN'  
  );
```

- When using mod_auth_kerb and AD user is member of too many AD groups
 - Have a look here: <http://blogs.technet.com/b/surama/archive/2009/04/06/kerberos-authentication-problem-with-active-directory.aspx>
- Once enabled, you can't change the identity without changing the OS user
 - Prepare your end users
 - Testing with other credentials: just switch the authentication scheme to “open door” in the dev environment

I want more

- Can I use multiple authentication schemes?
 - Yes, see: <http://www.grassroots-oracle.com/2019/01/apex-authentication-switch-in-session.html>
- What about devices like MacBooks or Smartphones that are not part of the Windows domain?
 - Fallback Authentication using Basic Authentication over HTTPS
 - Tipp: don't use Digest Authentication (doesn't work with Firefox)
 - Don't want to enter username/password? Client certificates will help you out.
- What about the Cloud?
 - Users in Azure Active Directory? Use mod_auth_mellon (for Apache Webserver): <http://knowledgebase.mt-ag.com/q/saml>
 - Users in Facebook/Google? Use Social Login: <http://dgielis.blogspot.com/2018/06/facebook-google-and-custom.html>

Questions I get

- “Should we still specify the same cookie name for all apps in our workspace?”
 - Yes, this prevents multiple APEX session cookies being created
 - It also makes it possible to share application items between apps (aka. “global” app items)
- “We already have LDAP authentication utilized in our APEX app”
 - Are you sure you want to pass your AD credentials to the database? Security risk!
- “What about the rights in my app?”
 - We are talking about authentication here, the authorization is normally determined by the app
 - You could use `dbms_ldap` or `apex_ldap.is_member` to get privs
 - Apache already supports methods to check user groups
 - Also have a look at the low-code approach built-in: <https://blogs.oracle.com/apex/custom-authentication-and-authorization-using-built-in-apex-access-control-a-how-to>
- “Any concerns about the session timeout setting in APEX?”
 - Set it to 0 (= indefinitely) as session timeout is now delegated to Kerberos

Questions I get

- “The logout link in my app doesn’t work anymore”
 - Just delete it, you don’t need it anymore
- “How can I check in APEX if the user may access the app?”
 - Use an authorization scheme with your own PL/SQL function

Authorization Scheme

Show All | Name | Subscription | Authorization Scheme | Evaluation Point | Comments

Name

Application: 1000 MAN_APEX_USER_ADMINISTRATION

* Name: AS APX APP ENABLED

Subscription

Reference Master Authorization Scheme From: Refresh

This is the “master” copy of this authorization scheme.

No authorization schemes subscribe to this authorization scheme.

Authorization Scheme

* Scheme Type: PL/SQL Function Returning Boolean

```
RETURN pkg_sec_apex_privs.fnc_chk_apex_app_enabled(i_app_id => :APP_ID,  
i_app_user => :APP_USER);
```

* PL/SQL Function Body

Application Builder > Application 1000 > Edit Security Attributes

Definition | **Security** | Globalization | User Interface

Application 1000

Show All | Authentication | Authorization | Database Schema | Session Timeout | Session State Protection

Authentication

Authentication is the process of establishing each user's identify before they can access your application. scheme is used when your application is run.

Application: 1000

Public User: APEX PUBLIC USER

Authentication Scheme: HEADER_AUTH

Deep Linking: Disabled

Authorization

Application authorization schemes control access to all pages within an application. Unauthorized access

Authorization Scheme: AS_APX_APP_ENABLED

Run on Public Pages: No

More information

- General installation steps of Apache & ORDS can be found here:

<http://www.opal-consulting.de/downloads/presentations/2015-11-DOAG-ORDS-Setup>

- About Kerberos

<http://www.roguelynn.com/words/explain-like-im-5-kerberos>

- About mod_auth_kerb

http://blog.hallowelt.biz/wp-content/uploads/SSO mit mod_auth_kerb v3.pdf

- More SSO options

<http://wphilltech.com/options-for-windows-native-authentication-with-apex>



[@nielsdb](https://twitter.com/nielsdb)



<http://blog.mt-ag.com/apex>



<http://de.linkedin.com/in/nielsdebruijn>



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